Union Calendar No. 173

106TH CONGRESS
1st Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Report 106–288

REPORT

ON THE

REVISED SUBALLOCATION OF BUDGET ALLOCATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2000

together with

ADDITIONAL VIEWS

SUBMITTED BY MR. YOUNG OF FLORIDA, CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS



August 4, 1999.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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LETTER OF SUBMITTAL

House of Representatives, Committee on Appropriations, Washington, DC, August 4, 1999.

Hon. J. Dennis Hastert, The Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: By direction of the Committee on Appropriations of July 30, 1999, I submit herewith the Committee's report on the revised suballocation of budget allocations.

This revised suballocation is necessary to proceed with development of the remaining regular appropriations bills for fiscal year 2000 and several conference agreements. Also this suballocation accommodates the increased allocation the Committee received due to the reporting of the Commerce, Justice, State, and Judiciary Appropriations Bill.

Sincerely,

C. W. BILL YOUNG, Chairman.

(III)

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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REPORT ON THE REVISED SUBALLOCATION OF BUDGET ALLOCATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2000

AUGUST 4, 1999.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. Young of Florida, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

REPORT ON THE REVISED SUBALLOCATION OF BUDGET ALLOCATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2000

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report on the revised suballocation of budget totals for fiscal year 2000 pursuant to sections 302 and 314 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

REVISED SUBALLOCATIONS TO SUBCOMMITTEES, FISCAL YEAR 2000 BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS [In millions of dollars]

Subcommittee	Discretionary	Mandatory	Total
Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug			
Administration:			
Budget authority	13,882	50,295	64,177
Outlays	14,346	33,088	47,434
Commerce-Justice-State-Judiciary:			
Budget authority	35,774	523	36,297
Outlays	34,907	529	35,436
Defense:			
Budget authority	267,692	209	267,901
Outlays	259,130	209	259,339
District of Columbia:			
Budget authority	453	*********	45
Outlays	448	************	448
Energy and Water Development:			
Budget authority	20,190	**********	20,190
Outlays	20,140	***************************************	20,140
Foreign Operations:			
Budget authority	12,625	44	12,669
Outlays	13,168	44	13,212
nterior:			
Budget authority	13,888	59	13,947
Outlays	14,354	83	14,437
Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education:			
Budget authority	73,028	233,459	306,487
Outlays	75,108	233,644	308,752
Legislative:			
Budget authority	2,478	94	2,572
Outlays	2,484	94	2,578

REVISED SUBALLOCATIONS TO SUBCOMMITTEES, FISCAL YEAR 2000 BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS Continued [In millions of dollars]

Subcommittee	Discretionary	Mandatory	Total
Military Construction:			
Budget authority	8,374	**********	8,374
Outlays	8,775	,,,,,,,,,,,	8,775
Transportation:			
Budget authority	12,400	721	13,121
Outlays	43,445	717	44,162
Treasury-Postal Service:			
Budget authority	13,706	14,385	28,091
Outlays	14,115	14,394	28,509
VA-HUD-Independent Agencies:			
Budget authority	68,633	21,319	89,952
Outlays	82,045	21,136	103,181
Reserve:			
Budget authority	*******		*********
Outlays	**********	**********	
Grand total:			•
Budget authority	543,123	321,108	864,231
Outlays	582,465	303,938	886,40
		·	SBDV 2000

FULL COMMITTEE VOTES

Pursuant to the provisions of clause 3(a)(1)(b) of rule XIII of the House of Representatives, the results of each rollcall vote on an amendment or on the motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and those voting against, are printed below:

ROLLCALL NO. 1

Date: July 30, 1999.

Measure: Report on the Revised Suballocation of Budget Allocations for FY 2000.

Motion by: Mr. Young.

Description of motion: To amend the section 302(b) suballocations by decreasing the Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Subcommittee by \$3.7 billion and \$2.881 billion in budget authority and outlays, by increasing the VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Subcommittee by \$3.7 billion and \$3.436 billion in budget authority and outlays, and by decreasing Reserve by \$555 million in outlays.

Results: Adopted 26 yeas to 25 nays.

Mr. Young

Members Voting Nay

Members voting Yea	Members voting No
Mr. Aderholt	Mr. Boyd
Mr. Callahan	Mr. Clyburn
Mr. Cunningham	Mr. Cramer
Mr. DeLay	Ms. DeLauro
Mr. Frelinghuysen	Mr. Edwards
Ms. Granger	Mr. Farr
Mr. Hobson	Mr. Hinchey
Mr. Istook	Mr. Hoyer
Mr. Kingston	Mr. Jackson
Mr. Knollenberg	Ms. Kaptur
Mr. Kolbe	Ms. Kilpatrick
Mr. Latham	Mrs. Lowey
Mr. Lewis	Mrs. Meek
Mr. Miller	Mr. Mollohan
Mr. Nethercutt	Mr. Moran
Mr. Packard	Mr. Murtha
Mr. Porter	Mr. Obey
Mr. Regula	Mr. Olver
Mr. Rogers	Mr. Pastor
Mr. Skeen	Ms. Pelosi
Mr. Taylor	Mr. Price
Mr. Walsh	Ms. Roybal-Allard
Mr. Wamp	Mr. Sabo
Mr. Wicker	Mr. Serrano
Mr. Wolf	Mr. Visclosky

ADDITIONAL VIEWS

The 302(b) allocations in this report will require deep cuts in the Commerce, Justice, State, and Judiciary and the VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Subcommittees. For example, in the VA/HUD bill reported by the committee, housing and urban development programs are cut \$945 million below the FY 1999 level (after removing the effects of one-time rescissions and offsets), while NASA is cut \$1 billion below FY 1999.

However, the 302(b) allocation is much worse for the Labor HHS and Education Subcommittee where devastating and totally unrealistic cuts will need to be made due to this allocation.

The Committee's proposed 302(b) allocation cuts another \$4.046 billion in BA and \$2.881 billion in Outlays out of the already reduced Labor HHS allocation. This reduces the Labor HHS allocation from \$77.1 billion to \$73.0 billion in BA, and from \$77.989 billion to \$75.1 billion in Outlays. Since the Committee's first 302(b) allocation, the Labor HHS allocation has been cut by \$5.1 billion in BA and \$3.8 billion in Outlays.

The new Labor HHS allocation is -\$16.2 billion (-18%) below a hard freeze and -\$18.6 billion (-20%) below the President's Budget in BA. However, the outlay situation is worse and is well below the amount needed to spend the BA. If the Committee spent its \$73.0 billion BA allocation by cutting all programs in the bill by 18% below a freeze, the bill would be \$6.7 billion over the outlay allocation of \$75.1 billion. If all programs were cut by the same percentage to keep the bill within the outlay allocation, the across-the-board reduction would need to be a -32% cut.

[In billions of dollars]

	1999 enacted	2000 freeze	2000 current srvs	2000 President	House 302(b)	Senate 302(b)	House v freeze
BA	83.608 83.964	89.190 86.073	91.282 87.632	91.583 87.378	73.028 75.108		- 16.162 - 10.965

Some of the potential impacts of a 32% across-the-board BA reduction would be:

Education spending would be cut by \$10.7 billion, the Labor Department would be cut by \$3.5 billion, and HHS would be cut by \$11.6 billion.

Approximately 3.8 million students would be denied services under Title I, Grants to LEAs (-\$2.5 billion)

The Federal contribution under Special Education State Grants would be cut by -\$234 per child, and the Federal share of the excess cost would drop from 10% to 6%. (-\$1.4 billion) (The House passed a resolution (413–2) to support full funding for IDEA.)

The Pell grant maximum award would be cut by \$650 to \$2,475. (-\$2.5 billion cut). (The House passed a resolution (397–13) to support increasing the maximum grant by \$400 next year.)

Nearly 10,000 teachers would be laid off under the Class

Size Reduction program (-\$384 million)

About 254,000 fewer youth would be served in TRIO (-\$192

There would be a 32% reduction in the Federal per child contribution under Impact Aid (-\$276 million)

Safe and Drug Free Schools grants to 15,000 school districts would be one-third below the 1999 level (-\$141 million)

Approximately 450 schools with After School awards would have their grants cut by \$140,000 each, resulting in 110,000 fewer children served (-\$64 million)

NIH would have to cut all grants and institutes by nearly one-third or eliminate all new grants (-\$5.0 billion)

About 300,000 disadvantaged children would be eliminated

from Head Start (-\$1.5 billion)

Some 96,000 child care slots for working poor families would be eliminated under the Child Care and Development Block Grant program (-\$320 million)

1.6 million households would be eliminated from the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (-\$352 million)

About 85 million fewer meals for the elderly through the Meals on Wheels and congregate meals programs supported by the Administration on Aging (-\$282 million)

112,000 fewer drug and alcohol treatment slots under the Substance Abuse Block Grant (-\$507 million)

32% reduction in Ryan White AIDS assistance for cities, states, and for drug purchase programs (-\$452 million)

\$1.6 billion cut in job training, including:

22,000 fewer youth served in Job Corps, and approximately 38 centers would be closed (-\$370 million)

237,000 fewer laid off workers would receive assistance under the Dislocated Workers Program (-\$450 million)

200,000 fewer summer jobs and training for disadvantaged youth (-\$320 million) 10,700 fewer OSHA consultation visits and inspections that

improve workplace safety (-\$114 million)

130,000 pension inquiries would not be responded to by the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration (-\$29 million)

IMPACT OF A 32% ACROSS THE BOARD CUT LABOR-HHS-EDUCATION DISCRETIONARY [In millions of dollars BA]

	1999	-32% cut	Program impacts
Labor	36,171	- 3,485 - 11,575 - 10,710	Cut in education.
Total, Labor-HHS-Education LABOR	89,125	- 28,520	
Training and employment service	5,022	- 1,607	

IMPACT OF A 32% ACROSS THE BOARD CUT LABOR-HHS-EDUCATION DISCRETIONARY—Continued [In millions of dollars BA]

	1999	-32% cut	Program impacts
Job corps	1,157	- 370	- 22,000 fewer youth served.
Dislocated workers	1,405	-450	- 236,632 laid off workers denied services.
Youth training (summer jobs)	1,001	-320	- 208,000 fewer summer jobs.
HHS			
NIH	15,612	-4996	Deep cuts across all grants and institutes, an elimination of all new grants.
LIHEAP	1,100	-352	- 1,600,000 households cut off.
Child Care block grant	1,000	-320	- 96,000 fewer child care slots.
Head Start	4,660	-1,491	- 300,000 kids denied services.
Substance abuse block grant	1,585	- 507	 — 112,000 fewer drug and alcohol treatments slots.
Ryan White AIDS	1,411	-452	32% reduction in assistance to cities, state and drug purchase program.
EDUCATION			
Class Size Reduction	1,200	-384	- 9,874 teachers laid off.
Title 1, Grants to LEAs	7,673	-2,455	- 3,777,477 students denied services.
Safe and Drug Free Schools	441	-141	One-third cut below 1999 to 15,000 school districts, ave. state cut \$2.7 million.
Impact Aid	864	-276	32% reduction in the per child contribution.
Special education, state grants	4,311	-1,380	Cuts federal contribution by \$234 per childrops from 10% to 6% of excess cost.
Pell grants	7,704	-2,465	
Pell maximum grant	3,125	-650	\$650 reduction in the maximum award.
TRIO	600	-192	 254,000 students denied services.
After school	200	- 64	458 schools have their grants cut by \$140,000 - 110,000 fewer children served.

Notes: -\$11.0 billion outlay cut below a freeze would require a -\$28.6 billion BA cut at the normal 39% outlay rate. -\$28.1 billion BA cut below the 1999 freeze level of \$89.1 billion is a 32% cut.

DAVE OBEY.

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